

# Curriculum Ecological enterpreneurship and design



1.	Title of the programme
	Ecological enterpreneurship and design
2.	Objective of the programme
	To foster pupils' artistic capabilities, to apply them for the needs of community. By developing
	related activities to encourage society to pay attention to the environment and surrounding
	nature.
3.	Age group
	The programme is devoted to pupils of 15-19 years age group.
4.	Duration of the programme
	80+80 hours

## Part I

According to their preferences pupils are encouraged to choose one art studio. Duration: 80 hours.

#### Part II

Pupils are attending parallel courses of ecology and enterpreneurship. Duration: 80 hours.

## Part I

Design, Fashion Design, Jewelry, Photography and Animation programmes: content, objectives, forms of realization

GEN	ERAL PART
1.	Extent and duration of the programmes, competence of educators

	under t	nmes are realized in one year. They he Lithuanian Republic's law of edu on (they have pedagogue qualificationmes).	catio	n have the right to work as	teacl	ners of non-formal
	4	hours per week (2 times x 2 hours)	8	8 times x 2 hours per month	10	number of months
	At leas	t 2 hours per week	At 1	east 8 hours per month	At 1	least 3 months
2.	2. Intended average quantity for one group in the programme:  10					
3.		ons of education				
		t, design, informational technologies		dia, nature, ecology, interdi	scipl	inary art.
		ION ABOUT EACH PROGRAMN				
4.		f the programme (particular, directly	relat	ted with the content of prog	ramr	ne)
	Progra	amme of Design				
5.	Annota	ation of the programme				
		mme of design introduces to theoretic apporary eco-design, appliance of second				
	differe	nt ideas of design related to objects,	envii	conment, graphics and adve	rtiseı	ment.
6.		ive of the programme				
	culture related	jective of desing studio is to provide , ability to orient themselves in the v to appliance of design basics in adve ng skills not only in a personal life, p	ariet ertisi	y of design and object envir ng, creation of brand identi	ronm ty. It	ent, knowledge will help
7.	Tasks	of the programme				
		relope pupils' abilities to understand ny in between expression of an artwo		÷ •	best	forms, that create
	To lear	n most characteristic artistic and tec	hnica	al solutions employed in des	sign.	
	To shape aesthetic outlook and understanding of art tendencies.					
8.	Compe	etences acquired during realization of	fthe	programme		
	Objective: to learn the basics of design. To develope artistic ideas and realize them in material form.					
	contem	al social and creative: to acquire bette apporary culture and social environme	nt.	derstanding of the processe	s rela	ated to
9.	Conten	at and process of programme realizat	ion			

No.	Constituent part (topic)	Characterization of activity	Methods	General and objective competences	Duration (hours)
1.	Graphic design	Introduction to elements of artistic expression on a flat surface: colour (a mix of main and supplementary chromatic and achromatic colours, warm – cold, light – dark colours), line, spot, tone, texture and means of artistic expression: rhythm, statics – dynamics, symmetry – asymmetry, contrast, nuance. The significance of the font in the composition is presented.	Various practical methods of teahing artistic expression – painting, drawing by employing variuos means.	Forming and developing ideas, choosing motives suitable for expression of the idea.  Using lines, spots, colours and textures.  Recognizing and understanding elemental techniques of drawing, graphics and painting.  Knowing the possibilities of informational technologies for creating graphic design.	35 hours
2.	Object design, eco-desing	Introduction to the elements of spatial artistic expression: line in a three-dimensional space (wire), a flat in a three-dimensional space (paper, cartoon), form in a three-dimensional space (plasticine, clay, etc.)  Construction, spatial form and function.  Forming initial skills of working with various materials and techniques.  Introduction to sustainable, durable products and their creators.	Various practical methods of teahing artistic expression – drawing, flexing, sticking, constructing while using various means.  Individual and group work.  Introduction to sustainable, durable products and their creators.  Forming the initial skills of working with second-hand	Forming and developing ideas for spatial art, choosing motives suitable for espression of the idea.  Understanding interrelation, specificity and character of various forms.  Knowing the possibilities of informational technologies for creating projects of spatial objects.  Fostering purposive attitude to the	25 hours

			sustainable materials. Various materials – plasticine, cartoon remnants – are used for the artworks.	design of the product that has an impact on environment, planning it's life cycle, perspectives of remake.	
3.	Creation of the brand style	Teaching to develope a wholesome style of graphic and object design related to purpose and function.	Various practical methods of teahing artistic expression – drawing, flexing, sticking, construting using various means. Individual and group work.	Developing and transforming artistic ideas, choosing motives, applying them to various creative situations.  Understanding interrelation of various artistic solutions, their specificity and character.	20 hours

		Total:	80 hours			
10.	Role of participants in the realization of the programme, fostering progress, evalutation and self-evaluation					
	Pupils develope and realize their ideas by They try out different materials, means a seeking out individual, original ways of a individual rhythm and choose visual solu contests, social events.	nd techniques, are able to expexpression. Each of the pupils	eriment freely by work by their			

11.	Title of the programme (particular, directly related with the content of programme)
	Programme of Fashion Design
12.	Annotation of the programme
	During the programme of fasion pupils are introduced to theoretical basis and practice of fashion design, contemporary topicalities of eco-design, usage of second-hand items and materials. Pupils
	create and realize a variety of ideas related to design of experimental materials, accessories, elements of the clothing.
	ciements of the clothing.
13.	Objective of the programme

Objective of fashion design studio programme is to guarantee the delivering of basic professional and innovative knowledge to the pupils, to educate specific abilities of fashion designer and to shape competences that are required for creative and practical activities and further studies of fashion design.

### 14. Tasks of the programme

To develope pupils' abilities to understand the specificity of tasks and find out best forms that create consistency in between artistic expression of the artworks and it's function.

To acquire most characteristic artistic and technical solutions in fashion design.

To shape aesthetic outlook and understanding of art tendencies.

15. Competences acquired during the realization of the programme

Objective: to learn the basics of fashion design, to understand better processes of contemporary culture and social environment. To shape artistic ideas, realize them in material.

General social and creative: to understand ecological problems and importance of creation of balanced products, to apply these principles in personal and professional life, to be able to communicate and collaborate, to possess skills of team work, to have a feeling of self-assurance, to be open to a variety of social experience, to shape and realize individual artistic ideas.

## 16. Content and process of programme realization

No.	Constituent part (topic)	Characterization of activity	Methods	General and objective competences	Duration (hours)
1.	Illustration of fashion design	Introduction to broader variety of drawing techniques, issues of modelling figure and creating composition.  Artworks by artists of different periods and characteristics are pesented so that pupils could acquire professional understanding about individual and unique manner of drawing, find out suitable drawing techniques, know the principles of composition.	Various active practical methods of teahing artistic expression – drawing by using various techniques, painting.	To be able to analyze artworks and use the acquired experience when pursuing own individual style. To be able to employ best suitable drawing techniques in individual creation, to discover universal means for creating desired drawing style.	10 hours

2.	History of	The close relation	Various	To be able to	10 hours
	History of costume	The close relation between historical political events, characteristic to the epoch, economic and technical achievements, language of fine arts, architecture, religion, ethics is researched and analyzed, how these factors influence development of historical costume.	theoretical and active practical methods – by analyzing and making references to historical sources, examples of historical costume are gathered and systematized, drawing analogies with contemporary fashion design. Models of historical costume are prepared so that they could reflect main characteristics of analized periods.	recognize and distinguish the historical period of a particular costume.  To be able to distinguish the most characteristic silhouette of particular historical period.  To be able to find, recognize and distinguish analogies, relations and interpretations of historical costume in contemporary fashion design.	10 nours
3.	Fashion design, eco-design	Relations of main human figure proportions are analyzed, four main silhouettes of female costume, principles of draping and layout.  Introduction to the newest tendencies and directions of fashion design.  Principles of making fashion design collections are analyzed.  Introduction to ecofriendly sustainable products and their creators.	Various active practical methods of teaching fine arts and design – drawing, layout, sewing. Individual and group work. Developing initial skills for working with various secondhand sustainable materials.	To control a silhouette when draping freely on a mannequin, to be able to shape a desired form, to sense material texture.  To understand the main stages of creating collections.  To make a project of collection of a chosen style and type.	30 hours

4.	Accessory design	Logic of functional change of accessories through history is analyzed as well as tendencies in the work of accessory designers. Introduction to stages of accessory design, range of accessories, variety and specificity of materials, their aesthetic and technical qualities, the aspect of sustainability. Exceptional focus is devoted to creation of accessories, practical realization	Various active practical methods of teaching fine arts and design – drawing, flexing, glueing, constructing by employing different means, sewing. Individual and group work. Skills of working with various secondhand and sustainable materials are developed.	To be able to create, design, model and realize in material sets of accessories for collections of clothes.  To analyze logic of functional cange of accessories through history, stages of contemporary accessory design, to familiarize with the newest tendencies of accessory design.	20 hours
5.	Design of experimental materials	of creative ideas.  Introduction to features of fabric, specificity of textile paint, various techniques of textile. Introduction to examples of the use of techniques.  Trying out technologies by engaging to improvize, combine several techniques, use them in creating clothes, accessories or other chosen objects.	Various active practical methods of teaching – shaping the wool, production of paper mass, batik, whitening of fabric, mottling by imprints, application, use of non-textile material, etc.	To be able to create original materials, to understand better possibilities of applying and creating fabrics, engaging in creativity, showing courage to experiment, expanding creative ideas and possibilities of their expression in modelling collections of clothes and accessories.	10 hours

				Total:	8	30 hours
17.	Role of p		ts in the realization of the	programme, fostering progre	ess, evalutat	tion and
	Pupils develope and realize their ideas by getting acquainted with principles of fashion design paying attention to aspect of sustainability. They try out various materials, means,					
	- 1		-	bility. They try out various n it freely by seeking out indiv	-	-

ways of expression. Each of the pupils work by their individual rhythm and choose visual solutions that suit them best. Exhibitions and presentations are held, pupils take part in the contests, social events.

Fash	ion Accessories Design – Jewelry Design					
18.	18. Extent and duration of the programmes, competence of educators					
	Assistant designer of fashion accessories – jewelry design.					
	Total length of modular program is 4 academic	-				
	Further described objectives, methods and tasks					
	vocational education program 4 years, either for specific time of workshop					
	realization (e.g. 40 days)					
	Programmes can be realized by educators: teac	hers and artists who under the				
	Latvian Republic's law of education and law of v	vocational education have the				
	right to work as teachers.					
	4 academic years	40 days only for workshop				
	Average 15-22 hours per week	Average 32 h per week (module B)				
19.	Intended average quantity for one group in the p	/				
	4min-10max	-				
20.	Directions of education					
	Fashion accessories design – jewelry design.					
INF	ORMATION ABOUT THE PROGRAMME					
21.	Title of the programme (particular, directly related with the content of programme)					
	Assistant designer of fashion accessories – jewelry design					
22.	. Annotation of the programme					
	program teaches the design process - identifies the user's needs, conducts research of analogs, materials and technical solutions. Think creatively and create - sketch, make and test models, prepare a technical project. Collaborate to produce functional and sustainable design products and present results, visual identity as a business idea.					
23.	Objective of the programme					
	To promote knowledge, skills and attitudes, which provides acquisition of vocational education and preparing professionals in art industry with theoretical knowledge and practical skills ready to get involved in labor market.					
24.						
	<ol> <li>Identifying the idea of a fashion accessory design product.</li> <li>Development of fashion accessories design project idea.</li> <li>Development and implementation of fashion accessories design product.</li> </ol>					
25.	Competences acquired during the realization of	the programme				
	<ul> <li>Follow the offer, the order and the purchase market in the fashion accessory design industry.</li> <li>Identify the range of products and services in the fashion accessories design industry.</li> <li>Identify the task.</li> </ul>					

- To study the topicality and stylistics of fashion accessories in connection with the task.
- To study the materials and supply of fashion accessories in connection with the task and the principles of sustainability.
- Develop a fashion accessory design concept.
- Develop sketches of original ideas.
- Develop a 3D layout of the original ideas.
- Develop a visual overview of a fashion accessory design project.
- Evaluate the properties of materials required for the development of a fashion accessory design product and manufacturing technologies.
- Develop the design of fashion accessories.
- To develop a preliminary sample, taking into account aesthetic and functional properties.
- Test pre-samples in the environment of use.
- Make changes / adjustments to the sample.
- Identify the manufacturer according to the production possibilities of a fashion accessory or jewellery design product.
- Develop a technical design for a fashion accessory product.
- Present a fashion accessory design product.
- Summarize and analyse the experience gained in the process of developing a fashion accessory design product.

## 26. Content and process of programme realization

N o.	Modules	Characterization of activity	Methods	General and objective competences	duration
1.	The A modules are acquired in the first year and are the same in all educational programs	<ul> <li>Drawing 1</li> <li>Composition</li> <li>Painting1</li> <li>Design processes</li> <li>Public and human security.</li> </ul>	Teaching methods used for the implementation of the vocational education program: Research	Research: Learners are acquainted with the conditions of the Life Economy and Design product life cycle, conduct a design product life cycle study for the entire product system	20 hours
2.	The B modules acquired in the period from the first to the fourth year, including a division into specializations	<ul> <li>Material design</li> <li>Use of materials and technologies in the development of design products</li> <li>Form design</li> <li>2D digital modelling</li> <li>3D digital modelling</li> <li>Development of design products</li> <li>Design product development II</li> </ul>	methods (research practical, problem solving, etc.), discussion, use of information technologies, direct view, indirect view, work with literature, demonstrations, situation analysis, study	and life cycle (holistic approach). Learners are aware of the potential for improving the product life cycle through the reuse of recycled materials. Using information technologies, learners are acquainted with Latvia's natural resources, discuss the possibilities of their efficient use, and discuss the possibilities of	30 hours

	<u> </u>		7	I	I
		<ul> <li>Sketching of</li> </ul>		narrowing the flow of	
		design products	methods,	materials - more efficient	
		<ul> <li>Research of the</li> </ul>		use of raw materials,	
		context of design		materials and products.	
		products	direct cognition	Learners identify the task	
		<ul> <li>Development of</li> </ul>	l .	by researching the target	
		visual identity in		audience, finding out the	
		product design	work,	customer's intentions	
		<ul><li>Painting 2</li></ul>	discussions,	and needs.	
		<ul><li>Drawing 2</li></ul>	work folder	Analytical practical work:	
		<ul> <li>Project</li> </ul>	("portfolio"),	Learners are acquainted	
		implementation	etc.	with different types of	
		in product design		fashion accessories and	
		<ul> <li>Entrepreneurship</li> </ul>		jewellery design	
		in design		materials, their	
		<ul> <li>Internship of a</li> </ul>		properties and	
		product designer		classification.	
		assistant.		Learners identify the task	
		Application of		by researching the target	
		new materials		audience, finding out the	
		and technologies		customer's intentions	3
		in the		and needs.	0
		development of		Learners develop and	h
		design products		analyse conceptual ideas	0
		Development of		for a fashion accessory	u
		design products		and or jewellery, working	r
		Drawing 3		individually and in a	S
		_		team.	]
		Painting 3		Learners learn the	
		Green skills.		application of various	
				material processing	
				technologies in the	
	C - Modules -			production of fashion	
2	optional			accessories and	
3.	modules			jewellery, observing the	
				requirements of work	
				safety.	
				Presentation:	
				Learners present, to the	
				target audience and the	
				evaluation commission,	
				conceptual ideas of	
				fashion accessories and	
				jewellery, their	
				visualizations and answer	
				questions.	
				Learners present the	
				made fashion accessories	
				or their projects, or	
				models to the target	

		audience and the evaluation commission.	

## 27. Methods for assessing learning outcomes

Learners who have completed a <u>vocational secondary education</u> program and:

- have obtained the required assessment of knowledge and skills, and have received the final assessment in all general education subjects not lower than "almost average 4";
- have obtained the required assessment of knowledge, skills and competences at least at the average level (not lower than "average 5") in all modules of Parts A, B and C intended for obtaining the qualification in the modular program "Assistant Product Designer";
- have passed the state final examinations of the vocational secondary education program in accordance with the regulatory enactments in force and have received an assessment therein;
- have passed an examination of professional competence at least at an intermediate level and obtained a grade of not less than 'average of 5',

receive a diploma of professional secondary education in accordance with the regulatory enactments in force and the fourth level professional qualification of the framework.

#### Participants of workshops:

will be evaluated according to a similar methodology, applying it to the specified time period in the master classes. Participants will be evaluated at mid-term and at the end. Creative idea, research and analytical process, target audience research, application/usefulness/sustainability of the idea, work process, work result will be evaluated by workshop masters. Participants will be evaluated during the negotiation process, with the aim of strengthening and improving the knowledge and quality of the product created in practical work. At the end, participants will receive an official, school-issued certificate of participation in the master class and the skills they have acquired, which they can add to their CV. As well as the created works will be exhibited in a public exhibition to ensure the availability of the project results to the wider audience.

28. Title of the programme (particular, directly related with the content of programme)

#### **Programme of Photography**

29. Annotation of the programme

Programme of photography introduces pupils to theory and practice of photography. It encompasses genres of photography, basics of colour research, directions and techniques of photography, specificities of curating a photography exhibition.

During the programme it is important to prepare pupils for individual experience of the surroundings and it's representation by means of photography.

30. Objective of the programme

To educate an independent, creative personality with capabilities to create artistic photography.

31. Tasks of the programme

	To develope pupils' capacities to observe the surrounding world, it's uniqueness and diversity. To introduce to analogue and digital photography, techniques of their artistic interpretation. To introduce to most characteristic artistic and technical solutions that are employed in photography. To shape aesthetic outlook and understanding of the tendencies of contemporary art					
32.	Competences acquired during the realization of the programme					
33.	Gene	eral social, creare. Nurturing,	f photography are learned tive: acquired knowledged developing and realizing sof programme realizates.	ge of the processes r g mature individual	elated to contemporary so artistic ideas.	ociety and
	No.	Constituent part (topic)	Characterization of activity	Methods	General and objective competences	Duration (hours)
	1.	Analogue photography	Introduction to the laws of optics, functional principles of analogue photo camera. The significance of light in photography is presented as well as the employment of chemical processes in analogue photography.	Practical methods of teaching artistic photography: photographs without camera, camera obscura, illumination of objects on photo paper, etc. Individual and group work.	Understanding the significance of light in the photography, different techniques. Primary knowledge of analogue photography and significance of chemistry in analogue photography.	10 hours
	2.	Digital photography	Introduction to the functional principles of digital photo camera. Possibilities of digital processing of photographs are presented.	Various practical methods of teaching artistic photography: taking photographs with digital camera, processing of the image with computer.	Understanding the basics of digital photography, possibilities of digital image processing.	10 hours
	3.	Still life	Natural and artificial characteristics of light are discussed. Specificity of object photography. The meanings of still life	Various practical methods of teaching artistic photography: experiments with light, taking	Understanding the significance of light and related possibilites in photography, principles of composition.	20 hours

		throughout art history.	photographs, digital image processing, discussing object characteristics and the meanings of their material substance.	Knowledge of still life as a genre throughout the history of painting. Capacity to discuss characteristics of material and object and it's representation in photography.	
4.	Landscape	Artificial and natural light features are discussed as well as possibilities of photography in the nature, nature elements, the significance of horizon, industrial landscape, people and animals in their surroundings.	Various practical methods of artistic photography: taking photographs in the nature, city environment. Observing nature phenomenons, changes of light in different time of the day.	Finding possibilities of landscape photography, being capable to frame, cut a desired image from surrounding whole. Understanding importance of horizon, photographic perspective, the relation between detail and whole.	20 hours
5.	Human	Role of the light, figure in movement, portrait, group photography is presented.	Various practical methods of artistic photography: taking photographs of human figure, portrait. Human type studies and role of the detail while depicting human.	Forming and developing ideas, choosing motives to express them. Finding best ways to express personality in portraits.	20 hours

						Total:	80 hours
	34.	Role	of participants in the r	realization of the	programme, foster	ring progress, evalutatio	n and self-
ı		evalı	ation				

35.	contempor experiment working in Exhibition	rary art. They try at freely by seekin a their individual	out various photograng out individual, origonal rhythm and choosing are curated, pupils to	phic means, tecginal ways of exgrey visual solution	to main principles of thiniques and are able to the tapression. Each of the as that suit them best. contests, social events.	
36.		tion of the progra		41 1	fanimation that an	
	introdu	ced to specificity			f animation, they are digitally, aesthetics of	of
	moving	_	11.1	1 , 61		1 .
	_		amme will learn not one commendation and present films	-	lms of animation, but a	aiso to
37.		ve of the progran		ili allillation lo	rums and resuvais.	
			dependent personalit naracters, movement.		create animation film	S
38.	Tasks o	f the programme				
	scenario	o and narrative by		ntroduce with to	each the expression of echniques of animation technical solutions.	
39.	Compe	tences acquired d	uring realization of the	ne programme		
İ			creating animation ar			
	Genera	I social creative:	hetter understanding	of contemporar	ry society and culture.	
			ation of individual cre	•	y society and culture.	
40.	Conten	t and process of p	orogramme realization	1		
	No.	Constituent part (topic)	Characterization of activity	Methods	General and objective competences	Duration (hours)

1.	Elements of	Initial	Initial	Ability of	10
	animation film:	elements of	constituent	pupils to	hours
	scenario,	animation	parts of the	create film	
	characters,	film are	film are	idea,	
	form of	introduced:	presented:	scenario,	
	expression,	ways of	scenario,	characters is	
	sound.	creating the	characters,	developed.	
		plot, it's	plastic	Pupils are	
		parts –	means of	learning to	
		introduction,	the creation	express	
		storytelling,	of the	their ideas	
		finale –	character,	clearly, to	
		methods of	manner of	choose	
		discussion	movement,	means of	
		and selection	tempo of	expression.	
		are	film, sound.		
		presented.			
		Features of			
		character			
		appearance,			
		it's			
		movement			
		are discussed			
		as well as			
		sound, that			
		accompanies			
		the image.			

2.	Creation of	Methods of	Story is	Pupils learn	50
	scenario and	scenario	created	to create,	hour
	characters.	creation are	during the	analyze the	s
		introduced as	conversatio	story, to	
		well as	n by raising	create	
		various	questions	proper	
		means of	about the	character, to	
		image	goal of the	choose	
		creation:	plot, why	suitable	
		drawing,	character	tempo of	
		collage,	gets into	storytelling,	
		puppets.	one or	that could	
		Features of	another	be adequate	
		character are	situation.	to the mood	
		discussed	Direction of	of film.	
		and	story		
		expressed by	developmen		

		image, details, manner of movement.	t is discussed.		
3.	Drawing the frames, making montage, creating sound.	Film duration, tempo is being decided, separate frames are drawn. Drawings are scanned, film is assembled, soundtrack is created.	Specificity of the perspective (horizon, prospect, fragment) and angles is analyzed. The use of technical possibilities, computer programme s is introduced in the context of montage and soundtrack making.	Pupils learn the possibilities related to principles of composition , image perspective, angles. They acquire skills and basic knowledge of computer programme s used for montage and soundtrack making in animation film.	20 hour s

	Tota	1:	80 hours
41.	Role of participants in the realization of the programme		

Pupils develope and realize their ideas while getting acquainted to main principles of contemporary art. They try out different animation techniques, tools and are able to freely experiment by seeking out individual, original ways of expression. Each of the pupils are working in their individual rhythm by choosing appropriate visual solutions. Presentations and screenings of animation are organized, pupils take part in contests, social events.

# Part II

# **Ecology and enterpreneurship**

 $Method-lectures,\,seminars,\,discussions.\,\,Duration-80\,\,hours.$ 

## **Ecology**

1.	Objective
	To provide with knowledge about global ecological situation. To deliver skills and
	competences related to sustainable environment, eco-friendly lifestyle, creative ideas
	developed in realm with nature.
2.	Methods
	Lecture, seminar, research
3.	Duration
	20 hours
4.	CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL WARMING
5.	Objective
	To introduce with knowledge about global ecological situation, the causes of global warming.
6.	Duration
	6 hours
7.	Description
	"Climate change" and "global warming" are often used interchangeably but have distinct
	meanings. Climate change is the result of global warming.
	'Global warming and climate change have both occurred throughout Earth's history. But it's the speed at which the world is currently warming, and how fast the climate is changing, that is so concerning.', - Dr Joeri Rogelj, Director of Research at the Grantham Institute, Imperial College London says.
	The surface temperature of the planet has increased around 0.08°C per decade since 1880. The average rate of increase between 1981-2019 has been more than twice that rate. These changes are unquestionably the result of human actions.
	Globally, the primary sources of greenhouse gas emissions are electricity and heat (31%), agriculture (11%), transportation (15%), forestry (6%) and manufacturing (12%). Energy production of all types accounts for 72 percent of all emissions (World Resources Institute, 2017).
8.	SUSTAINABILITY. THE NEED TO ACT
9.	Objective

	To introduce with the ways global community is fighting the global warming. To encourage
	pupils to change their habits and lifestyle by turning them into more friendly towards nature
	and environment. To start and develope environmental initiatives by involving community.
10.	Methods
	Lecture, discussions, research
11.	Duration
	10 hours
12.	Description
	The first challenge is eliminating the burning of coal, oil and, eventually, natural gas, trying to employ alternatives when possible (plant-derived plastics, biodiesel, wind power), to invest in the change or invest in companies practicing carbon capture and storage.
	Buildings worldwide contribute around one third of all greenhouse gas emissions, so investmens in new infrastructure would help cut greenhouse gas emission and drive economic growth in developing countries.
	Another challenge is to move closer to work, use public transport, or switch to walking, cycling or some other mode of transport.
	A potentially simpler and even bigger impact can be made by doing more with less: meet and follow "reduce-reuse-recycle" idea.
	Living sustainably is the new challenge with great opportunities for everyone – from individuals and communities to businesses and industries. Economic growth is not what everything is based on. Sustainability stands on three main pillars - social (people), environmental (planet) and economic (profit).
	Each one of the pillars show a context in which the sustainability is applied, at the same time that one depends on the other to support themselves.
13.	ECOLOGY IN ART EDUCATION
14.	Objective
	To find out if activities of the school fit environmental requirements. To explore, what can be done so that the school could reduce pollution and CO2 emission.
15.	Methods
	Lecture, seminar, practical activities
16.	Duration
	4 hours
17.	Description
	Art schools as well have a great opportunity to be developed in a sustainable way and play an important role in asserting sustainability by actioning others to change their relationship with, or contributing to the way of understanding the environment.  The easiest way to "go green" in art classroom is to reduce what is in use. With dozens of classes and hundreds of kids, even small efforts to reduce will add up to big differences over
	time.  Employing saving energy programme, taking advantage of natural sunlight and switch over to LEDs and rechargeable batteries as well.

Using eco-friendly materials, reading the labels to understand how healthy or unhealthy products are.

Going digital to reduce paper and using the "cast-offs".

Exploring unique opportunities for reuse within art school and inspire others to recycle. Using recycled materials as art supplies, trash toxins properly, cleaning with green cleaners.

Pupils need diverse approaches when learning about nature.

Educators need to see how they can incorporate the seventeen SDG for 2030 into their works.

By addressing climate change, it is a chance to build a sustainable world for everyone, but it is need to act now.

## **Enterpreneurship**

18.	Objective
	To educate pupils' capacities to apply their creative projects to the needs of community: to
	know and evaluate business situation, own competences, generate ideas how to create
	artworks and artifacts that suit the needs of society, how to shape the community for
	realization of various initiatives.
19.	Methods
	Seminar, research
20.	Duration
	40 hours
21.	Topics
	Analysis of local business situation. Case studies of good practice – what services and
	products are created by local businesses. 8 hours
	Evaluation of own competences. 4 hours
	Market and consumer demand. Identification of market demand. Presentation of successful
	local start up businesses and their products that compensate market deficiencies. 6 hours
	How to collectively generate ideas that suit market demand and pupils' possibilities.
	Presentation of various ways of generating ideas and their analysis (for example
	"brainstorm"). 6 hours
	The idea of the product or service. Analysis is being made, how a new product (service) suit
	market demand, why is it unique and superior in relation with other products (services). 4
	hours
	Possible products:
	Item design – objects, raised for a new life: furniture, clothes, accessories (bags, illuminators,
	slippers, etc.), second-hand clothes or clothes, made using secondary materials.
	Services:
	Ecological education, training programmes, posters, videofilms that advocate eco-friendly
	relation with environment.

Analysis of the market. Aim – to understand the importance of market analysis and feedback.
Effective methods of getting feedback are chosen, inquiry questionnaires are worked out.
After evaluation of this research, the conclusions concerning further activities are made. 6
hours
Presentation of business ideas with a goal to attract the investors. <b>6 hours</b>